Task 53 kick off meeting – Vienna 18-19/03/2014

IEA SHC Task 53 Kick off meeting

New Generation Solar Cooling & Heating systems (PV or solar thermally driven systems)

Introduction to IEA SHC and to the Task



Daniel MUGNIER - Vienna, 18/03/2014



The main ambitions are:

- To deal with admin issues
- To confirm the content of the Annex & Work plan document
- To have a dicussion on the priority targets
- To make a planning for next steps





Administrative issues:

Registration + invoices at AIT ?

Invoices : VAT or not ?





The International Energy Agency



- The International Energy Agency (IEA) is an autonomous body within the framework of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)
- It was established in 1974
- It has 26 member countries (Australia,

Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden,

Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, the United States)

+ the European Commission





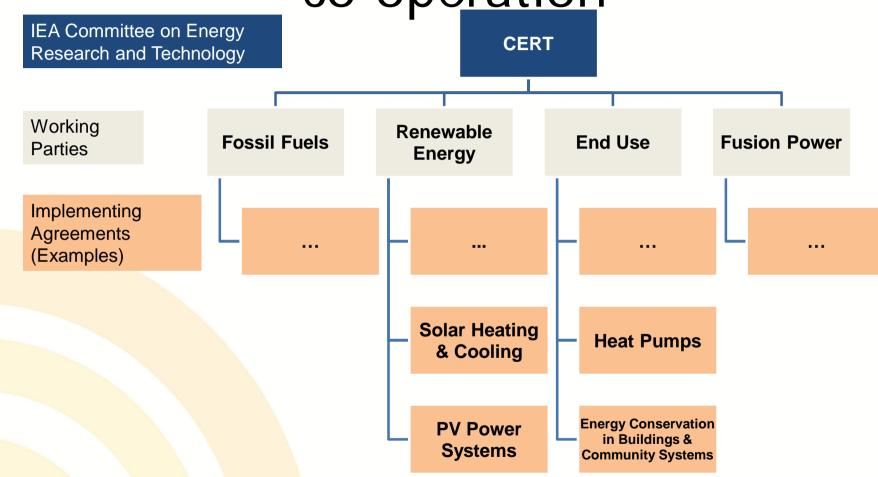
Basic aims of the IEA

- To maintain and improve systems for coping with oil supply disruptions
- To promote rational energy policies in a global context through co-operative relations with non-member countries, industry and international organisations
- To operate a permanent information system on the international oil market
- To improve the world's energy supply and demand structure by developing alternative energy sources and increasing the efficiency of energy use
- To assist in the integration of environmental and energy policies





International energy technology co-operation







Energy end-use

- Energy end-use: Transportation
- Energy end-use: Industry
- Energy end-use: Buildings
 - Demand Side Management
 - District Heating and Cooling
 - Energy Conservation in Buildings and Community Systems
 - Energy Conservation through Energy Storage
 - Heat Pumping Technologies
- Energy end-use technologies: information centres, systems analysis





Renewable energy

- Bioenergy
- Geothermal Energy Research Technology
- Hydropower Technologies and Programmes
- Ocean Energy Systems
- Photovoltaic Power System (PVPS)
- Production and Utilization of Hydrogen
- Solar Heating and Cooling Systems (SHC)
- Solar Power and Chemical Energy Systems (SolarPACES)
- Wind Turbine Systems





Solar Heating & Cooling Implementing Agreement





- Established in 1976
- Works on technologies that use the energy of the sun to heat, cool, light and power buildings
- 27 countries (Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, (Finland), France, Germany, Italy, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, (United Kingdom), United States) + European Commission
- Mission: "To facilitate an environmentally sustainable future through the greater use of solar design and technologies."
- International co-operation on a <u>Task sharing</u> basis





IEA Task 53 kick off meeting - Vienna 18-19/03/2014





TASK 40: Net Zero Energy Solar Buildings

The objective of the Task is to study current net-zero, near net-zero and very low energy buildings and to develop a common understanding, a harmonized international definitions framework, tools, innovative solutions and industry guidelines.



IMORE

About IEA SHC

Solar Heating & Cooling

Research Projects (Tasks)

Events

News

Publications

Resources

Member Area

IEA Solar Heating & Cooling Programme

The Solar Heating and Cooling Programme was established in 1977, one of the first programmes of the International Energy Agency. The Programme's work is unique in that it is accomplished through the international collaborative effort of experts from Member countries and the European Union.

The benefits of this approach are:

- accelerates the pace of technology development
- promotes standardization

www.iea-shc.org

enhances national R&D programmes permits national specialization

* saves time and money



Newest Members



The SHC Programme welcomes our newest member —

European Copper Institute.

Publication Highlight

Solar Update -

SOLARUHONEE



INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY



Executive Committee







- Main body to run the programme
- Representatives of all member countries and the EU, typically from funding organisations in the field of energy related R&D
- Two meetings per year
- Tasks
- Control progress of ongoing tasks (Task Status Reports presented by Operating Agents)
- Discuss new task proposals
- Develop programme's strategy and operation





What is a TASK?

- Collaborative project with limited duration (typically 3...5 years)
- At least 3 participating countries
- Joint work plan
- Participants can be universities, R&D institutes or private companies (manufacturer, system supplier, planing/engineering companies, ...)
- Two expert meetings per year to organize work, monitor progress and join information
- Number of results and deliberables





Rules for participation

- Participants only from countries which are member of the implementing agreement
- Experts from other countries may participate on request in 1-2 meetings as observer
- Also countries who are not IEA members can join the Implementing Agreement





Current Tasks (projects) of the SHC

- Task 53 New Generation Solar Cooling and Heating (PV or Solar Thermally Driven Systems)
- Task 52 Solar Energy and Energy Economics in Urban Environments
- Task 51 <u>Solar Energy in Urban Planning</u>
- Task 50 <u>Advanced Lighting Solutions for Retrofitting Buildings</u>
- Task 49 <u>Solar Heat Integration in Industrial Processes</u>
- Task 48 Quality Assurance and Support Measures for Solar Cooling Systems
- Task 47 <u>Solar Renovation of Non-Residential Buildings</u>
- Task 46 Solar Resource Assessment and Forecasting
- Task 45 Large Scale Solar Heating and Cooling Systems
- Task 44 Solar and Heat Pump Systems
- Task 43 Solar Rating & Certification Procedures
- Task 42 Compact Thermal Energy Storage
- Task 40 <u>Net Zero Energy Solar Buildings</u>
- Task 39 Polymeric Materials for Solar Thermal Applications





What does mean Task sharing?

- The Solar Heating & Cooling Programme has only a small common fund (≈10 000 US\$ per participating country per year) to run a secretary, cover expenses of the programmes chairman and run dissemination activities
- Projects (Tasks) are carried out based on an Annex Text and Work Plan on which the participating countries agreed
- Each country covers costs of the experts
 - national funding agencies responsible for the SHC
 - own ressources (e.g. universities)
 - other national ressources
 - other ressources (e.g. European Commission)





Typical Life Cycle of an IEA Task

Concept phase



Task definition phase



Task work



Concept Phase

- a concept paper is developed and proposed by a country
- the concept paper has to be approved by the ExCo

Task Definition Phase

- 1-2 workshops are carried out with participa-tion of experts from the interested countries
- an Annex Text is produced and has to be approved by the ExCo
- the Annex Text is the legal document in which the basic work and goals are described and committments of the participating parties are defined



Life Cycle of an IEA Task (cont'd)

Concept phase



Task definition phase



Task work



- a Work Plan is produced and has to be approved by the ExCo
- the Work Plan is the main document which describes the structure of the Task and the detailed lay-out of the Work and its distribution among participants
- the Work Plan has to contain an Information Plan in which dissemination activities are outlined

Task Work

- the Task can start after official approval of the Annex and Work Plan by the ExCo
- two expert meetings per year



Context: Status of Solar cooling in 2014

Solar thermal cooling has difficulty to emerge as a economically competitive solution

Main reasons:

- Technical: Limit on adaptability due to hydraulics, complexity
- Economical: Investment cost, especially for small systems
- Still need intensive R&D for quality improvment and best solution selection

However, for large systems, solar thermal cooling has very interesting perspectives (UWC Singapore) because :

- Economy of scale
- Specialised engineering and control
- Energy sales





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Raising interest from EU on competitive Solar cooling

HORIZON 2010 - WORK PROGRAMME 2014-2015 Secure, clean and efficient energy

COUNCIL DECISION ESTABLISHING THE SPECIFIC PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTING HORIZON 2020 - THE FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION (2014-2020)

VERSION 8 OCTOBER 2013

WORK PROGRAMME 2014 - 2015

10. Energy Challenge

INFORMAL DRAFT DISCUSSION DOCUMENT

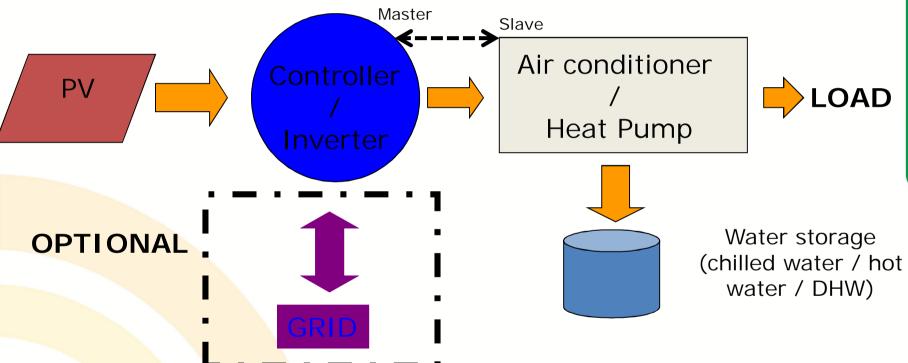
Important notice:

The present document is meant to facilitate the discussions towards the preparation of the work programme 2014 – 2015. It does not at this stage cover all relevant aspects and it does not prejudge the outcome of the on-going interinstitutional negotiations on Horizon 2020 or internal work on cross-cutting aspects. Hence, it remains subject to change.





Basic concept







New Task on Solar cooling status: Work Plan and Annex



TASK 53

New generation solar cooling & heating systems

(PV or solar thermally driven systems)



Task description and Work plan

November 2013

This text has been produced by

Daniel Mugnier (TECSOL, France)

With the support of Jean Christophe Hadorn (Bas Consultants, Switzerland)



TASK 53

New Generation Solar cooling and heating systems

(PV or solar thermally driven systems)



Annex

October 2013

This text has been produced by

Daniel Mugnier (TECSOL, France)

With the support of Jean Christophe Hadorn (Bas Consultants, Switzerland)



... But let's explain the Task more into details...



Proposed Task Goals

- (1) to analyze the interest of new generation solar cooling & heating concepts systems for bulidings in all climates and select best solutions which lead to highly reliable, durable, efficient and robust solar cooling and heating (ambient + DHW) systems
- (2) to contribute to market entry of the technology and identify most promising market areas in terms of cost competitiveness and value of electricity.





Scope of the Task

System: solar driven systems for cooling and heating

- * Solar thermal driven innovative compact cooling+heating systems
- * Photovoltaïc + air condioning system (Compression air conditioning / heat pump (if heating as well); food conservation not included)

<u>Applications</u>: Off grid & grid connected buildings

(houses, small multi-family buildings, offices, shops, commercial center, hotels)

Power range: from 1 kW cooling to several tens kW cooling/heating

<u>Limit</u>: Need to have a direct coupling between solar and cold production machine. The coupling can be partial or total (for the PV- machine one especially)

Proposal of Fhg ISE: direct coupling between solar and cold production machine or considering special configurations and control strategies, to allow a maximised use of PV power direct for heating/cooling even without direct coupling





Topics to be covered by the Task

- Interaction PV/solar thermal (ST) production Cooling/heating/DHW demand
- Storage or no storage (thermal or electric)
- Electrical storage or water cold/hot storage
- Control strategy (peak demand management, full comfort or solar only, etc..)
- Value of electricity and value of cold including LCA analysis (embodied energy)
- Partial grid connection or stand alone
- New solutions for compressors, DC or AC and new solution for optimised compact sorption cooling kits
- Efficiency of existing compressors connected with PV DC or AC input?
- Use of PV/ST to manage other heating or cooling devices (appliances, DHW, etc...)
- Size limit ? optimisation ?
- Standards and tests methods (for REC's, EU Ecodesign directive for instance)
- Best cost : high tech or low cost ? Sensibility to conventional energy cost ?
- Best suited PV/ST technology (cost vs performance)
- Integrated solutions BIPV/BIST to cool distribution devices





Outcome

- Investigation on new small to medium size solar cooling systems (thermal and PV) and develop best suited cooling & heating systems technology focusing on reliability, adaptability and quality
- Proof of cost effectiveness of new solar cooling & heating systems
- Investigation on life cycle performances on energy & environmental terms (LCA) of different options
- Assistance for market deployment of new solar cooling & heating systems for buildings worldwide
- Increase of energy supply safety and influence the virtuous demand side management behaviors

Time Schedule

- 40 months
- From end 2014 to end 2017





Proposed Task Structure

Subtask A

Components, Systems & Quality

Subtask B
Control, Simulation &
Design

Subtask C

Testing and demonstration projects

Subtask D

Dissemination & market deployment





Participating countries

.. at least 8 countries

France
Austria
Spain
Italy
Sweden
Australia
Switzerland
China

Turkey?
Germany?
Algeria? Korea?



Israel: no more



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Contributors

Contributors/participants

Country	Organization					
Algeria	CDER					
-	UDES					
	GES Consulting					
Australia	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research					
	Organisation (CSIRO)					
Austria	Austrian Institute of Technology					
	AEE INTEC, AEE - Institute for Sustainable Tech					
	University of Innsbruck					
France	TECSOL S.A					
	ESIEE Paris					
	CNAM					
	ATISYS Concept					
	Ecole des Mines de Paris					
	2IDEA					
	Cythelia					
	Université de Rennes 1					
	CLIPSOL					
	EDF R&D					
	NKE					
Germany	Green Chiller					
-	ITW					
	Viessmann					
	Fraunhofer Umsicht					
	ILK Dresden					
	Belectric Solarkraftwerke GmbH					
	ZAFH.NET					
	Fraunhofer ISE					
	SMA					
	ZAE Bayern					
Israel	Technion Haifa					
	ECOVIZ					
Italy	Politecnico di Milano					
EURAC research						
	Università degli Studi di Palermo, Dip. Ricerche Ener-					
Korea	Jeju National University					
Netherlands	De Beijer RTB B.V.					
Spain	De Beijer RTB B.V. Universidad Miguel Hernández de Elche, Alicante					
Sweden	Mälardalen University					
Switzerland	SPF Institut für Solartechnik					
	Base Consultants					
	COSSECO					
	COSSECO					





Time schedule

Duration : 40 months	2nd Task definition meeting (Paris)	Kick off meeting			
Planning - GANTT diagram	¥	¥			r-
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	M9 M10 M11 M12 M1	M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M30 M11 M12	V1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12	M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M20 M11 M12	M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M 35 36 37 38 39
Management (meetings)	0	0 0	0 0 0 0		35 30 37 33 35
Subtask A: Components, Systems & Quality					
.1 Reference system (for heating/cooling)		٥	•		
2 New Generation System configurations		•	•	•	
3 Storage concepts and management		•	•		
4 System integration into buildings and grids			⊗	*	
5 LCA and technico-eco comparison reference/new systems			•	00	
Subtask 8: Control, Simulation & Design					
1 Reference conditions		•	8		
2 Grid access conditions and building load management analysis		•		•	
3 Model of components and system validation			•	•	
4 Control strategy analysis & optimisation			•	•	
5 System inter-comparison				40	
Suntasti C. Lesting and demonstration projects					
Monitoring procedure and monitoring system selection criteria		♦	•		
3 System description for field test and demo project		•		♦	
4 Monitoring data analysis on technical issues & on performances			•	•	
S Best practices / feedback				•	
6 Testing method initiation for standards				•	
Subtask D: Dissemination and market deployment					
.1 Website dedicated to the Task		•		•	
2 Handbook and simplied brochure			ě i		
.3 Newsletters, workshops and conferences			9	•	
.4 Roadmapping and lobbying actions				•	

<u>Légende</u> : ♦Deliverable

Semi annual Expert meetings





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Subtask A: Components, Systems & Quality

<u>Participants Interest</u>:

high

moderate

leadership

	Subtask A : Components, Systems & Quality				
	A1-Reference	A2-New generation		A4-System	A5-LCA and
	system	system configurations	A3-Storage	integration	comparisons
2IDEA/FREECOLD					
ATISYS CONCEPT					
LGP2ES					
CYTHELIA					
EDF R&D					
ECOVIZ					
FRAUNHOFER					
ISE					
Fraunhofer					
UMSICHT					
AIT (PV experts)					
ILK DRESDEN					
CNAM					
Mines de Paris					
POLIMI					
UIBK					
RTB					
SPF					
TECSOL					
UNI RENNES					
ZAE					
ZAFHNET					
IIFIIR					
AEE Intec					
Viessmann					
Base Consultants					
EURAC					
Universidad MHE					
Alicante					
University of Palermo					
Shanghai University					





Subtask B: Control, Simulation and Design

<u>Participants Interest</u>:

high

moderate

leadership

	Subtask B : Control, Simulation & Design				
	B1 – Reference conditions	B2 – Grid access and Load management	B3-Models & valid.	B4-Control strategy analysis & optimization	B5-Systems intercomparison
2IDEA/FREECOLD		•			
ATISYS CONCEPT				•	
CNAM					
CYTHELIA					
EDF R&D					
AIT					
FRAUNHOFER ISE					
COSSECO					
ILK DRESDEN					
LBL					
Mines de Paris					
POLIMI		•			
RTB					
SPF					
TECSOL					
UNI RENNES		•			
ZAE					
ZAFHNET					
AEE Intec					
Jeju National University					
UIBK					
EURAC					
Viessmann					
CSIRO					
GES consulting					
		•		•	•





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Subtask C: Testing and demonstration projects

<u>Participants Interest</u>:

high

moderate

leadership

	Subtask C: Testing & demo projects				
	C1-Monitor. Proce-	C2-System selection	C3-Monitor. Data	C4-Best practices	
	dure & select. Criteria	for field tests	analysis	on monitoring	C5-Testing method initiat.
COSSECO					
ATISYS CONCEPT					
LGP2ES					
CYTHELIA					
EDF R&D					
FRAUNHOFER ISE					
Fraunhofer UMSICHT					
AIT					
ILK DRESDEN					
Mines de Paris					
POLIMI					
RTB					
SPF					
TECSOL					
UNI RENNES					
ZAE					
ZAFHNET					
AEE Intec					
Viessmann					
Mälardalen University					
UIBK					
Green Chiller					
Universidad MHE					
Alicante					
UNIPA					





Date

Administrative issues:

National participation letters



NATIONAL PARTICIPATION LETTER

Date 01/03 2014

To Operating Agent
Daniel MUGNIER
TECSOL SA.
105 av Alfred Kastler - BP 90434
68 004 PERPIGNAN Cedex - FRANCE
E-mail: daniel.mugnien@tecsol.fr

National Participation Commitment Letter for

Task 53: New generation solar cooling & heating systems (PV or solar thermally driven systems)- of the IEA Solar Heating and Cooling Programme

Task Start Date 1/03 2014 Completion Date 30/06 2017

This letter confirms and acknowledges the commitment of the undersigned Contracting Party, which is a Participant in the abovementioned Task, to:

- (1) fulfil the minimum participation requirements specified in <u>Annex Text, Task 53, October 2013</u>, which is a minimum of 0.2 person year per annum
- (2) to abide by the Task Research Work Plan prepared by the Participants and approved by the Executive Committee, and
- (3) to ensure that their national representatives are funded to attend all Task experts meetings (physically or by videoconference mean at least).

Nominated experts for this Task are: **

Name	Address/ Area of Expertise	Level of Effort: x person month per year	Funding Source (contingent on funding from the specified source)	Dates Funding is Guaranteed
			4:	4 5

Other contributions to the Task (facilities, equipm	nent, project, etc.)**
Contracting Party & Country**	
Signature of ExCo Member**	Date**
Approved by Operating Agent (after the letter is r	returned)





^{*} To be filled in by Operating Agent before letter is sent to ExCo members

^{**} To be filled in by ExCo member

Task 53 Website



New Generation Solar Cooling & Heating Systems (PV or solar thermally driven systems)

Overview

The main objective of this Task is to assist a strong and sustainable market development of solar PV or new innovative thermal cooling systems. It is focusing on solar driven systems for both cooling (ambient and food conservation) and heating (ambient and domestic hot water).

The scope of the Task are the technologies for production of cold/hot water or conditioned air by means of solar heat or solar electricity, i.e., the subject which is covered by the Task starts with the solar radiation reaching the collector or the PV modules and ends with the chilled/hot water and/or conditioned air transferred to the application. However, although the distribution system, the building and the interaction of both with the technical equipment are not the main topic of the Task this interaction will be considered where necessary.







News

Publications

Related Sites

Member Area

Contact

http://task53.iea-shc.org/



Task 53 Flyer (see below the Task 48 one..)



IFA SHC TASK 48

Quality assurance and support measures for Solar Cooling

www.iea-shc.org/task48



Solar cooling installation for a wine caller in South of France (Source : TECSOL)

Freshel collector field adapted for solar

DIVITEXT: A tremendous increase in the market for air-conditioning can be observed worldwide especially in developing countries. The results of the part ICA SHC Tasks and works on solar cooling (ax : Task 36 Solar Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration) on the one hand showed the great potential of this technology fo building air-conditioning, particularly in sunny regions. On the other hand, it has been shown that further work is necessary in order to achieve economically competitive systems and which presents solid long term energy performance and reliability.

BJECTIVES : The proposed project is intended to find solutions to make the solar thermally driven heating and cooling systems at the same time efficient, reliable and cost competitive. This three major targets should be reached thanks to four levels of activities:

- 1) Development of tools and procedure to make the characterization of the main components of SAC
- Creation of a practical and unified procedure, adapted to specific best technical configurations.
- Development of three quality requirements targets:
- Production of tools to promote Solar Thermally Driven Cooling and Heating systems

OPE : The scope of the Task are the technologies for production of cold water or conditioned air by means of solar heat, i.e., the subject which is covered by the Task starts with the solar radiation reaching the collector and ends with the chilled water and/or conditioned air transferred to the application. lowever, although the distribution system, the building and the interaction of both with the technical equipment are not the main topic of the Task this interaction will be considered where necessary.

TRUCTURE: The project, starting in October 2011 for 3.5 years duration, is divided into 4 subtacks :



- A1-Chillar characterization
- A2: Life cycle analysis at component level
- All: Heat rejection
- At: Pumps efficiency and adaptability
- A5: Conventional solar collection
- A6: State of the art on new collector & characterization

tack It: Quality procedure on system level

- 81: System/Subsystem characterization & field performance assessment
- 82: Good practice for DDC design and installation.
- \$3: Life cycle analysis at partern level
- \$4: Simplified design tool used as a reference calculation tool : design facilitator
- 85: Quality procedure document/check lists
- 86: Self detection on monitoring procedure 87: Quantitative quality and cost competitiveness criteria for systems
- 88: Application for velidation of preselected best practice examples

Subtask C: Market support measures

- C1: Review of relevant international standards rating and incentive othernes.
- C2: Methodology for performance agreement, rating and benchmarking
- C3: Selection and standardisation of best practice solutions
- CI: Measurement and verification procedures
- C5: Labelling possibilities investigation C6: Collaboration with T45 for contracting models
- C7: Certification process definition for small nesterns

brask D: Dissemination and policy advice

- D1: Web site
- D2: Best Fractions brochure
- D0: Simplified short brochure
- D4: Guidelines for Roadmaps on Solar cooling D5: Updated specific training seminars adapted to the Quality procedure
- DG: Outreach report

SUBTASK LEADERSHIP

Subtask A: Quality procedure on component Subtask C : Market support measures

Politecnico di Milano

Dep. Energy - Via Lambruschini 4

Milano 20156, Italy

Newcastle, NSW 2300, Australia

CSIRO

PO Box 330

Subtask B : Quality procedure on system level

Fraunhofer ISE Heidenhofstraße 2 Freiburg 79110, Germany Subtask D : Dissemination and policy advice

Green Chiller Association Verband für Sorptionskälte e.V. Stendaler Str. 4

10559 Berlin, Germany

PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES (status in October 2011)

Australia, Austria, Canada, Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Singapore, South Africa, Spain and USA (no claim for completness)

PARTICIPATING MANUFACTURERS AND COMPANIES (status in October 2011)

Aiguasol, Climatewell, Industrial Solar GmbH, Invensor, Sortech, SOLEM, SOLID, TECSOL, Thermosol, (no claim for completness)

SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING

PROGRAMME

The Solar Heating and Cooling Programme was established in 1977, one of the first programmes of the international Energy Agency.

The Programme's work is unique in that it is accomplished through the Internationi collaborative effort of experts

from Member countries and the European Union.

OPERATING AGENT

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RELATED SITES



TASK 48

www.iea-shc.ore

www.iea-shc.ore/task48



technology and air collectors in Central Europe

(Source: Freunhofer SE)

Solar cooling installation for a





Task 53 Logo ??

Task 53





Task 53 Communication

* TO COME..





Task 53 next meetings

2nd Task 53 meeting:

Proposal for Sweden on 07-08-09/10/2014

+ Side event with Climatewell innovative workshop

3rd Task 53 meeting:

Spring 2015... Ideas ???





More information

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