

IEA SHC Task 53

Task 53 

New Generation Solar Cooling & Heating systems (PV or solar thermally driven systems)



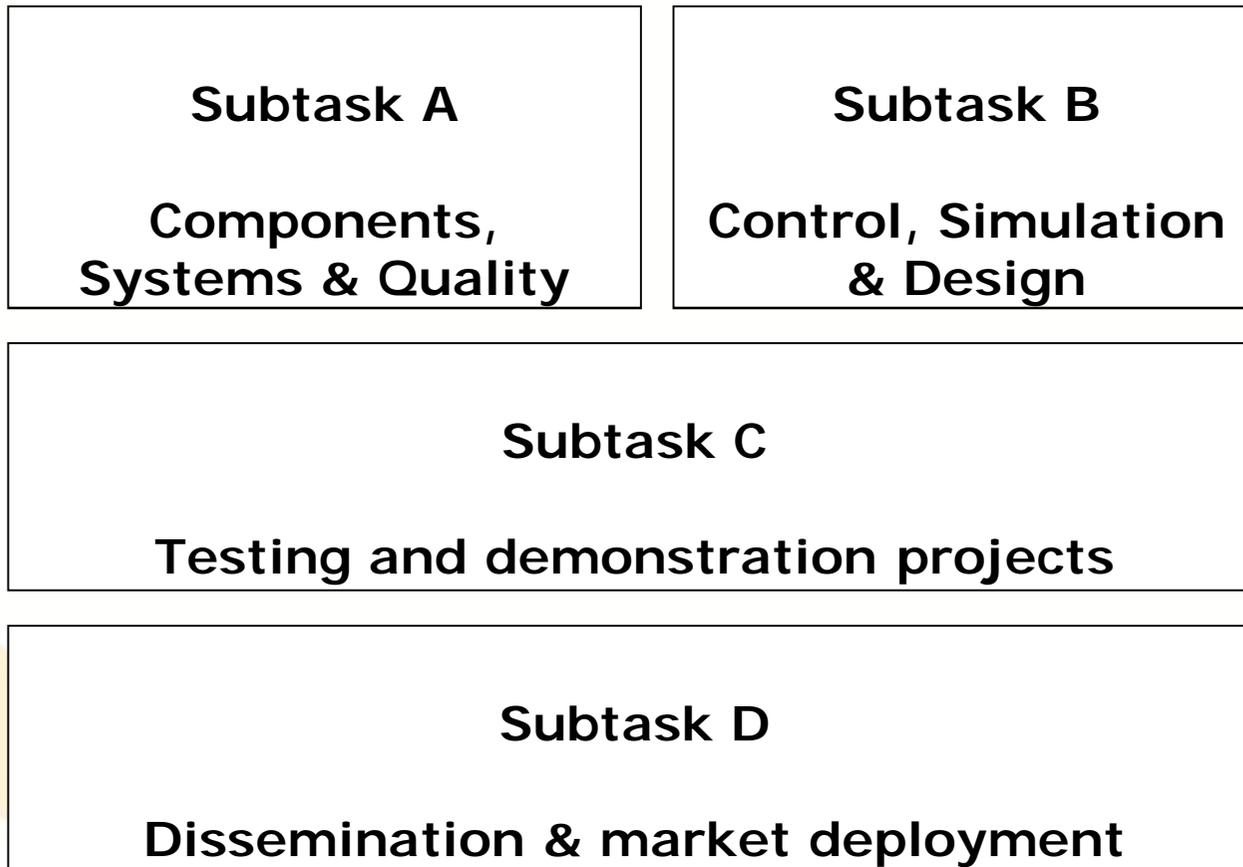
Daniel Mugnier, Operating Agent Task 53

November 2014

Task 53 Short description

Task 53 Structure

Task 53 



4 Subtasks & 19 activities

Time Schedule : 3,5 years

From March 2014 to June 2017

Activities brief description (1/2)

Task 53 

76th IEA SHC ExCo Meeting October 16-17 2014, Beijing

Subtask A: Components, Systems & Quality

A1: Reference systems

A2: New system configurations for cooling and heating

A3: **Storage concepts** and management

A4: Systems integration into buildings, microgrid and central Grid

A5: **LCA & techno-eco comparison** between reference & new systems

Subtask B: Control, Simulation & Design

B1: Reference conditions

B2: **Grid access conditions** and building load management analysis

B3: Models of subcomponents and system simulation

B4: **Control strategy analysis** and optimization for ST and PV

B5: System inter-comparison

Activities brief description (2/2)

Task 53 

Subtask C: Testing and demonstration projects

C1: Monitoring procedure and monitoring system selection criteria

C2: System description for field test and demo project

C3: **Monitoring data analysis** on technical issues & on performances

C4: Best practices / feedback

Subtask D: Dissemination and market deployment

D1: Website dedicated to the Task

D2: **Handbook** and simplified brochure

D3: Newsletters, workshops and conferences

D4: **Road mapping** and lobbying actions

PV Heating/cooling

Market

Environment

State of the art of this new Market

Task 52 



Direct Current Power Generated from Photovoltaic Cells

SunSource Solar-Assisted Motor

SUNSOURCE™
Solar by day. Electric by night. Savings all year.

LENNOX
Innovation never felt so good.™



HOTSPOT ENERGY

Intertek



Sud Concept
ACCELERATEUR D'INNOVATION

CENTROSOLAR
CENPAC plus intelligent heat pump installation

SOLAR LINE



FREECOLD

Panneaux solaires photovoltaïques

Régulateur dynamique ECO

Châssis monobloc

VIESMANN
climate of innovation

COSSECO



Heizen und Kühlen mit Solarstrom –
Eigenstromnutzung mit Split-Wärmepumpe Vitolcal 222-S



Midea

格力电器国内首台太阳能变频空调器下线仪式

GREE
SOLAR POWER



SOLAR AIR
COOLING HEATING

(no claim for completeness)

Main categories



Solar air conditioners : Splits

PV+ HP coupling for Office/Commercial



Solar Air Conditioner

SEER 35 • Solar Hybrid Heat Pump

Model ACDC12

Connect Up To Three Panels (Max 840W)
Runs On Solar Power & AC Power
11,000 BTU Cooling/12,000 BTU Heat
Plug-And-Play Solar Connection
No Batteries Required



Home

Keep the inside cool all day for next to nothing in energy costs. Preventing daytime heat build-up also cuts evening cooling costs.

Office

Keep the work area comfortable during business hours for pennies per day. Cool or heat up to 750 Sq. Ft. (69m²).

International

Compatible with 50hz and 60hz power, use it anywhere in the world.

Ultra-High SEER
Solar Air Conditioner



Connects Directly To Solar Panels

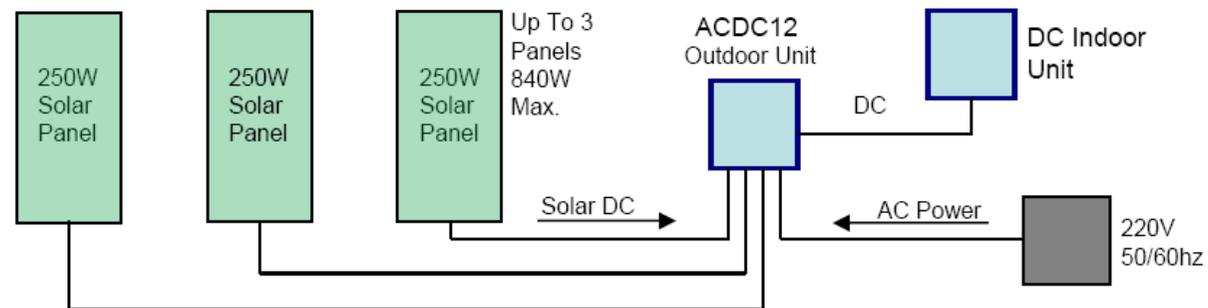
ACDC12-Hybrid

Retail/List-\$1695ea FOB Factory

Dealer Price: 4-49 units \$1290ea FOB Factory

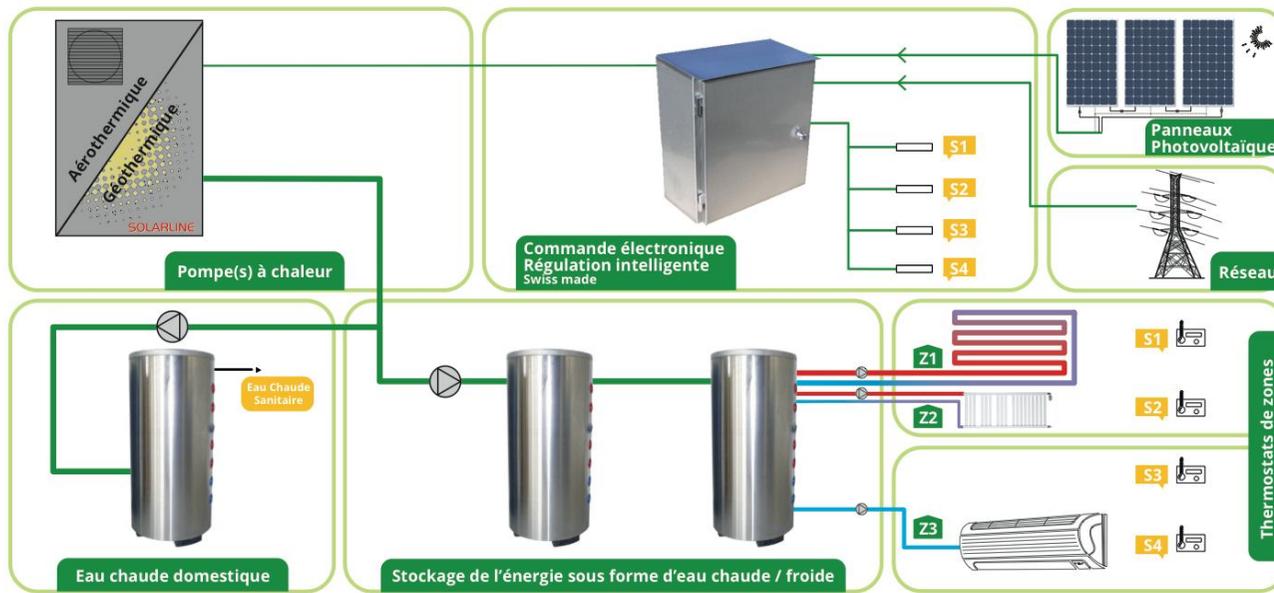
Distributor Price: 50+ units \$891ea FOB China

****Unit includes 3m lineset**



Typical **ALREADY** EU market available solution *Task 53*

Efficient Geothermal Heat Pump : COP of 5,3
Field test since 2011 in Switzerland

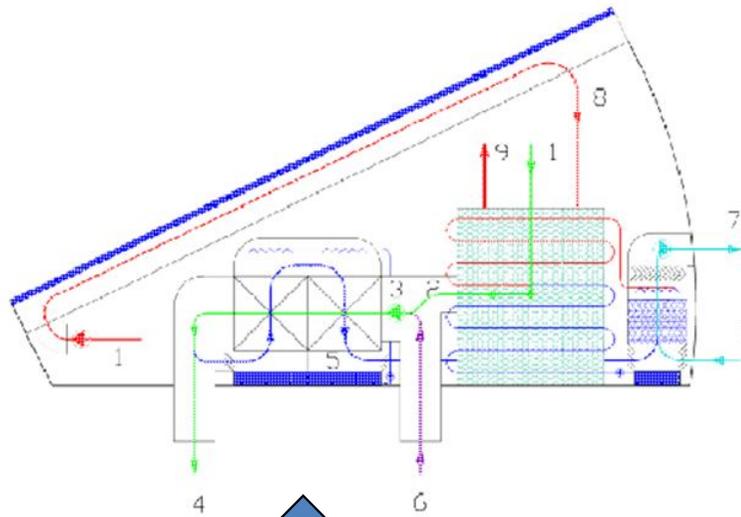


PV booster => **overall yearly COP of 6,9**



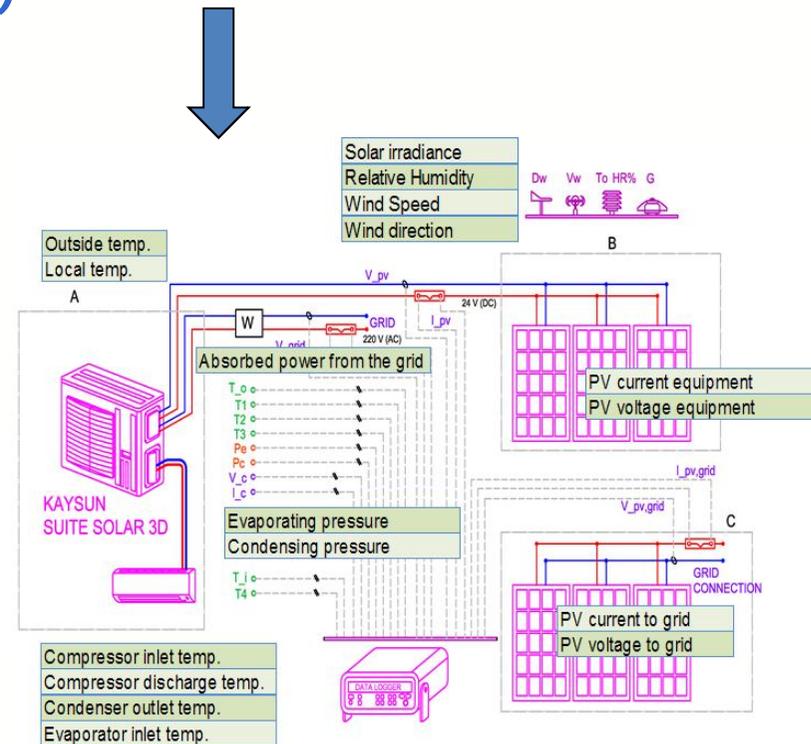
State of the art of the future new Market

Active R&D participants in Task 53



Concept for compact solar thermal air conditioner based on fixed & cooled adsorption beds (Source: Solarinvent)

Testing principle for a Chinese PV split unit (Source: Universidad Miguel Hernández de Elche)



Task 53 new developments & progress

Subtask A: Components, Systems & Quality

Task 53

76th IEA SHC ExCo Meeting October 16-17 2014, Beijing

Task 53 

SHC
SOLAR HEATING & COOLING PROGRAMME
INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY

Activity A2

Objective : **New system configurations for cooling (AC, food conservation) and heating (DHW, ambient)**
This activity will be dedicated at building the state of the art of the new system configurations for cooling and heating. This activity will be achieved realised in the early beginning part of the Task according to existing market available solutions. A second step of this activity will be to update this state of the art with progress occurring in the field thanks to R&D

Company COSSECO

Address Route de Pra de Plan 5
CH-1618 Châtel-St-Denis

Country Switzerland

Contact David Orlando
Tél: +41 21 948 81 70
Fax: +41 21 964 81 72
Mob: +41 79 790 31 29
E-mail: dorlando@cosseco.ch
www.cosseco.ch

Brand name SOLARLINE

Cooling power range 10-20 kW



Template for investigation with 2 examples

5 Investment - Material COSSECO

Task 53  

Please, enter available data into the yellow boxes. The red coloured data fields will be updated automatically
Please, include installation cost into total cost and specify the installation cost

All costs in euros and excluding VAT
Base for specific costs: collector area 4.80 kWp
Base for specific costs: electrical heat pump capacity 54 kW

TOTAL INVESTMENT COST				
TOTAL	Lifetime	Annual cost	Specific costs	
(€)	(y)	(€/y)	(€/kWp)	(€/kW)
64 333	20	3217	13403	1191

1. SOLAR PV COLLECTORS

Total cost	Lifetime	Annual cost	Specific costs	
(€)	(y)	(€/y)	(€/kWp)	(€/kWp)
	25	0	0	0

Cost details

no data available	cost included in Total cost		€
	yes	no	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€

Comments:

2. COLD PRODUCTION including RECOOLING DEVICE
e.g., Sorption chiller, DEC (including sorption rotor, humidifier, heat recovery wheel, AHU) and e.g., Cooling tower, waste water, drycooler, water treatment device

Total cost	Lifetime	Annual cost	Specific costs	
(€)	(y)	(€/y)	(€/kWp)	(€/kW)
	20	0	0	0

Cost details

no data available	cost included in Total cost		€
	yes	no	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	€
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Comments:

State of the art of new generation commercially Available activity ongoing

(A2 : New system configurations for cooling and heating)

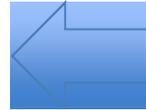


Subtask A: Components, Systems & Quality

Task 53



Task 53 



Milestone report

Milestone report-A3.0 – Status of the subtask A3

Date: 10.10.2014

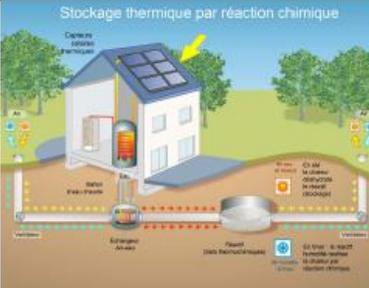
Authors: Matthias Roug
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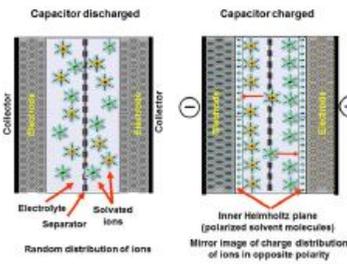


New generation solar cooling & heating systems (PV or thermally driven) / task53.shc.org

Task 53 

<p>Thermal storage by chemical reaction</p>	<p>The energy is stored in a chemical reactant which is contained in a tank. In summer, the warm air in combination with the excess energy produced by thermal solar panels will dry the reactant and in winter, the cool and moist air will humidify the reactant. During humidification, an exothermic chemical reaction occurs and generates heat. This reaction is then used to heat up air and water with the use of a heat exchanger.</p>	 <p>Figure 4: Thermal storage by chemical reaction Source: http://www.ces.fr/images/thermo4/energy/assuretel-est-le-stockage-rationnable-de-le</p>	<p>Zeolite /H₂O: 124 kWh/m³K hot Zeolite /H₂O: 100 kWh/m³K cold Silica/H₂O : 50 kWh/m³K Chemisorption (Na₂S/H₂O) : 780 kWh/m³K hot Chemisorption (Na₂S/H₂O) : 580 kWh/m³K cold Chemisorption (MgSO₄ 7H₂O) : 780 kWh/m³K Source : [2]</p>
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Electrical energy storage methods

Storage type	Description	Diagram	Storage Capacity
<p>Super capacitor</p>	<p>Some systems can directly store energy in electrical form. This is mainly done by super capacitors. It's an electric components consisting of two conducting plates that store opposite electrical charges separated by a membrane. They are capable of delivering high power for a short time. They can be used to smooth down strong energy spikes that can occur a specific times in the day.</p>	 <p>Figure 5: Super capacitor Source: http://en.wikimedia.org/wiki/Supercapacitor</p>	<p>Available capacity: 1-5 kWh Power : 10 kW – 5 MW Efficiency : 90-95 % Source : [1]</p>

Storage types

Next steps

Best practices activity for energy storage ongoing

(A3 : Storage concepts and management)

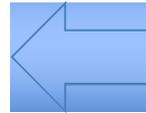


Subtask C: Testing and demonstration projects

Task 53 



Task 53 



Milestone report

Deliverable M-C1.1 – 01 Monitoring Procedure for Field Test & Demo Systems with Compression Heat Pumps Driven by Photovoltaic Solar Energy First Draft

Date: 10.10.2014

By Pedro Vicente Guillas¹

¹Institution Universidad Miguel Hernández de Elche
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Phone +34 96 6658561
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Monitoring procedure
KPI's
Reference conditions
Example

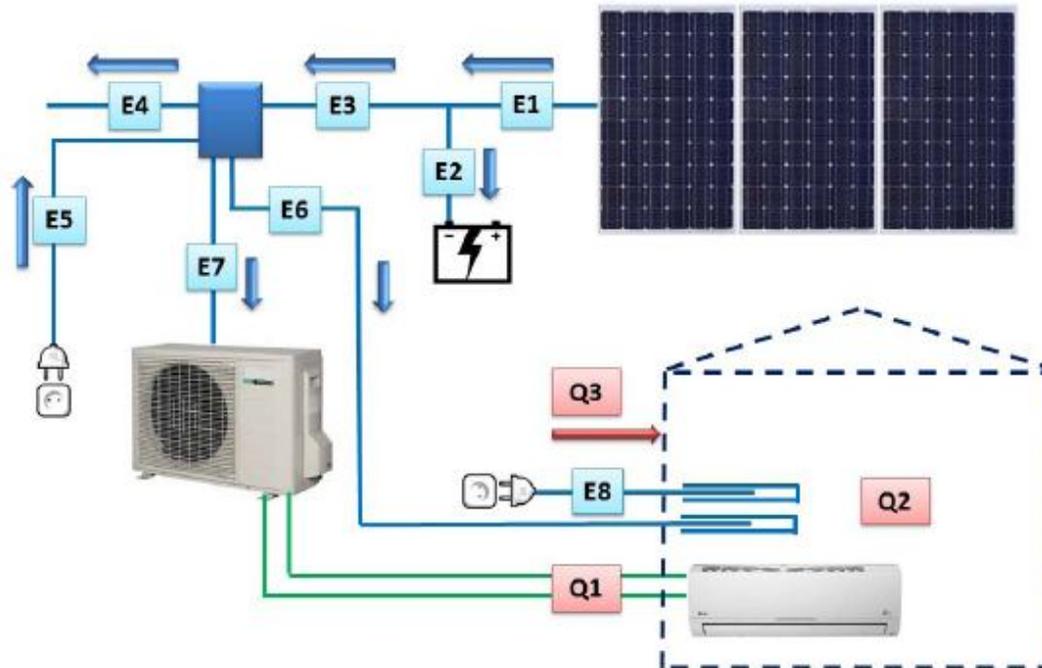


Figure 2 PV driven solar heating and cooling system of a HVAC installation.

Monitoring procedure for field test & demo systems ongoing
(C1 : Monitoring procedure and monitoring system selection criteria)



Task 53 meetings

& communication with PVPS

Last Task Expert meeting

Task 53 

Place : Västerås, MDH

Date : 07-08/10/2014

Side event : SUNCOOL
CLIMATEWELL worskop

14 experts

from 8 countries

- To deal with admin issues
- To confirm the content of the Annex & Work plan document
- To have a discussion on the priority targets
- To make a status on ongoing Activities
- To make a planning for next steps



**Johan Lindhal, PVPS Task 1
from Sweden**

Participating countries

Task 53 

.. at least 8 countries

France

Austria

Spain

Italy

Sweden

Australia

Switzerland

China

Turkey ?

Germany ?

Netherlands ?

Task 53 next meetings

Task 53 

3rd Task 53 expert meeting :

The next meeting will be organized during a “**Solar Cooling week**” in Shanghai, gently organized by SJTU from 25 to 26/03/2015.

This meeting will be organized in conjunction with Task 48 final expert meeting (23-24/03) and including a Dissemination workshop on 27/03

Planned schedule from SJTU

Tasks	date	Morning	Afternoon	Dinner	
Registration				Reception	Visiting to solar cooling facilities in SJTU can be arranged at coffee break time.
Task 48	23/03	General session	Technical session	Liuyuan Restaurant	
	24/03	Concluding session	General session	Qibao Old Town	
Task 53	25/03	Technical session	Technical session	City centre	
	26/03	Summary	Technical visiting, Shanghai	Nanxaing Town	
Conference	27/03	Plenary report	Session report	Liu Yuan	
Departure					

Task 53 next meetings

Task 53 

Meeting 4: Autumn 2014

– Place to be determined but option for **Innsbrück (AT)** –

Strong ambition to coordinate the Meeting 4 of Task 53 with **Task 14 PVPS** (High penetration in grids) managed by AIT(Austria) because a common workshop should be co-organised during **EU PVSEC 2015 conference** which will take place from 14 to 18/09 in Hamburg (Germany).

Proposed dates to be confirmed : **15 & 16/09/2015**



EU PVSEC 2014

Conference 22 – 26 Sep 2014
Exhibition 23 – 25 Sep 2014

29th European PV Solar Energy Conference and Exhibition
RAI Convention & Exhibition Centre • Amsterdam • The Netherlands

Task 53 

IEA PVPS Task 1 Meeting + Workshop

Place : EU PVSEC conference - Amsterdam

Date : 22/09/2014

Self-consumption business models - technical and economic challenges

Jointly with IEA – International
Energy Agency PVPS Task 1 / Task 14



IEA SHC Task 53 presentation on what means PV for Solar Cooling
and Heating



PVPS ↔ IEA SHC Task 53

Task 53 

Proposed type of Collaboration :

- Task Liaison-Officers (mainly Task 1 PVPS and Task 53 SHC)
- Joint Task Meetings when possible
- Meetings at same place & time when possible
- Joint Workshops at Conferences
- **Type of collaboration : Based on expert-level not (only) formally**

**Official position validated by 76th SHC ExCo
in Beijing (October 2014)**



<http://task53.iea-shc.org/>



Source : Climatewell

Thanks for your attention !

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